



# THE "TRUMP SLUMP"

**HOW GROWING INTOLERANCE IS HURTING AMERICA'S COLLEGES, COLLEGE TOWNS, AND STUDENTS** 



#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The 1 million foreign students attending American universities contribute more than \$42 billion to our economy each year. Foreign student spending supports about 455,000 U.S. jobs, making higher education America's sixth biggest service "export."

But enrollment is down at many of those schools, because foreigners feel less safe and welcome here. President Trump's rhetoric about immigrants, Muslims, and Mexicans, as well as his dramatic cuts to work visa programs, contributed to a seven percent drop in foreign student enrollment last year. More foreign students are choosing to go to the UK, Canada, Germany, and Australia, where enrollment is up.

You might think that's a good thing, because it creates room for American students who otherwise might have been denied those seats. But it's actually a big problem.

First, the number of American college students is shrinking. Enrollment dropped by 354,000 last year alone. If they can't fill those empty seats, colleges will cut back.

Second, foreign students pay two to three times as much for tuition as in-state students, which means they are helping keep the cost of your kid's tuition low. In response to years of state budget cuts, public colleges have come to depend on foreign students to keep the lights on, which explains why so many are marketing themselves across the globe.

Third, foreign students are particularly important to science, technology, engineering and math programs (STEM). For example, U.S. computer science graduate programs grew by 350 percent from 1995 to 2015, but this growth was driven by foreign students. Without them, we cannot meet American companies' demand for STEM talent.

Last, universities are critical to American innovation and economic growth. For decades, we've attracted the world's best talent, educated them, hired them, helped them start new businesses, and created millions of new jobs.

#### **VIEW THE COMPLETE REPORT**

NOTE: THIS REPORT UPDATES OUR 2018 ANALYSIS WITH NEW ENROLLMENT DATA. FOREIGN ENROLLMENT HAS FALLEN AGAIN, AND THE COST TO U.S. COLLEGES, THEIR STUDENTS, AND NEIGHBORING BUSINESSES HAS GROWN.



NOVEMBER 13, 2018

New International Enrollments Decline Again





#### **AMERICA'S \$42 BILLION EXPORT**

The 1 million foreign students attending our universities represent only 5 percent of our student population, but they contribute \$42 billion to our economy each year. Their spending supports 455,000 American jobs. Higher education is America's sixth biggest service export.

But enrollment is down at many of those schools, because foreigners feel less safe and welcome here. President Trump's rhetoric about immigrants, Muslims, and Mexicans, as well as his dramatic cuts to work visa programs, contributed to a seven percent drop in foreign student enrollment last year.



"I'm mind-boggled... Higher education is a place where we have a major trade surplus with the world. Doing something to hurt that is obviously going to make our trade balance worse."

> - DICK STARTZ PROFESSOR OF ECONOMICS, UNIVERSITY OF CALIFORNIA, SANTA BARBARA

This drop is causing schools to raise tuition and cut programs. It's also hurting their bond rating, which increases their borrowing costs. Last December, Moody's downgraded higher education from "stable" to "negative," based, in part, on declining foreign student enrollment.

### Moody's

**FEBRUARY 5, 2018** 

**Declining international** student enrollment dampens US universities' tuition revenue growth









#### WHAT COLLEGES ARE SAYING

The current administration's 'America First' mantra is causing [international students] a great deal of anxiety and fear.

> - EARL JOHNSON VICE PRESIDENT, UNIVERSITY OF TULSA

#### "

We could be down 60 students... and I've been told that 30 students equals \$1 million in tuition revenue.

#### "

We'll be trying to reassure folks that the United States is still a free country, and that we'd love to have them attend our institution.

> - TIM ANDERSON DEAN OF ENGINEERING, UMASS AMHERST

- KEVIN MOORE ENGINEERING DEAN, COLORADO SCHOOL OF MINES Inevitably, it does lead them to ask, 'Will I be welcome here?'

> - ALLAN GOODMAN PRESIDENT, INSTITUTE FOR INTERNATIONAL EDUCATION

Our political climate appears to be the problem. [The travel ban] has encouraged international students to look elsewhere for their degrees.

> - DENNIS HANNO PRESIDENT, WHEATON COLLEGE





### **IMPACT ON PUBLIC UNIVERSITIES - AND YOUR CHILD'S TUITION**

At public universities, foreign students pay two to three times more tuition than in-state students. This additional income offsets declining U.S. enrollment and repeated cuts in state funding. As a result, many public colleges are marketing themselves to foreign students across the globe.

The number of American college students is shrinking. Enrollment dropped by 354,000 last year alone, and colleges are struggling to cover the decline in revenue. If they can't fill those empty seats, colleges will cut back.

#### **University enrollment** decline continues into sixth straight year

December 20, 2017 By Jon Marcus

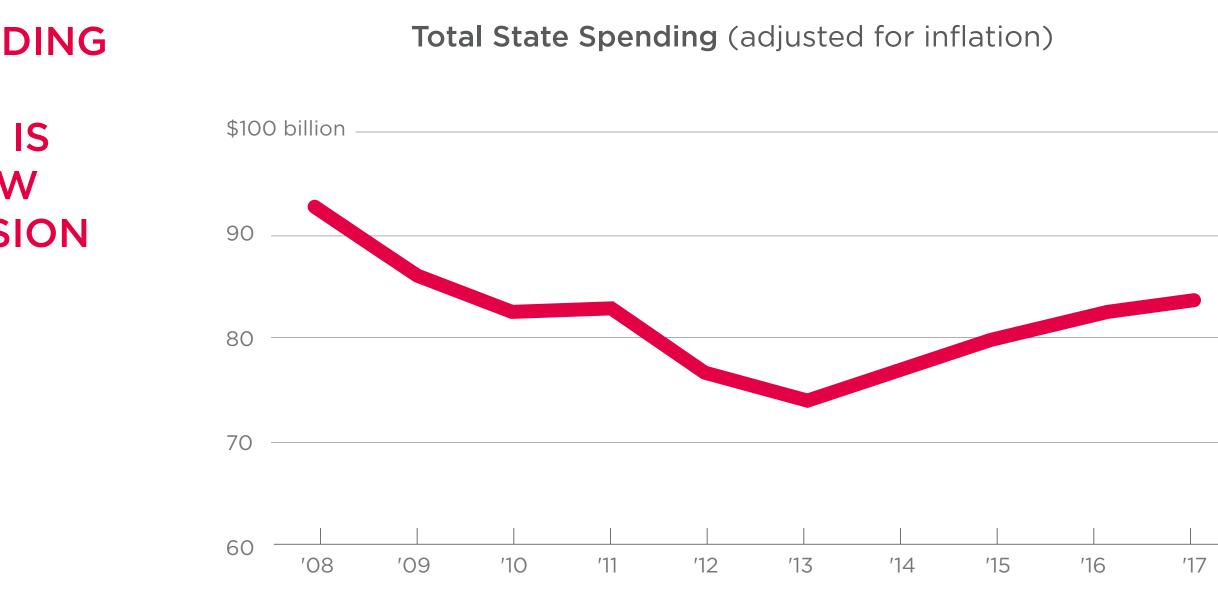
"There are more than 2.6 million fewer students enrolled in higher education in the semester just ending than there were in the fall of 2011."



THE HECHINGER REPORT

**STATE SPENDING ON HIGHER EDUCATION IS** WELL BELOW **PRE-RECESSION** LEVELS

Meanwhile, state spending on higher education remains well below what it was before the financial crisis.





### **IMPACT ON SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY, ENGINEERING AND MATH**

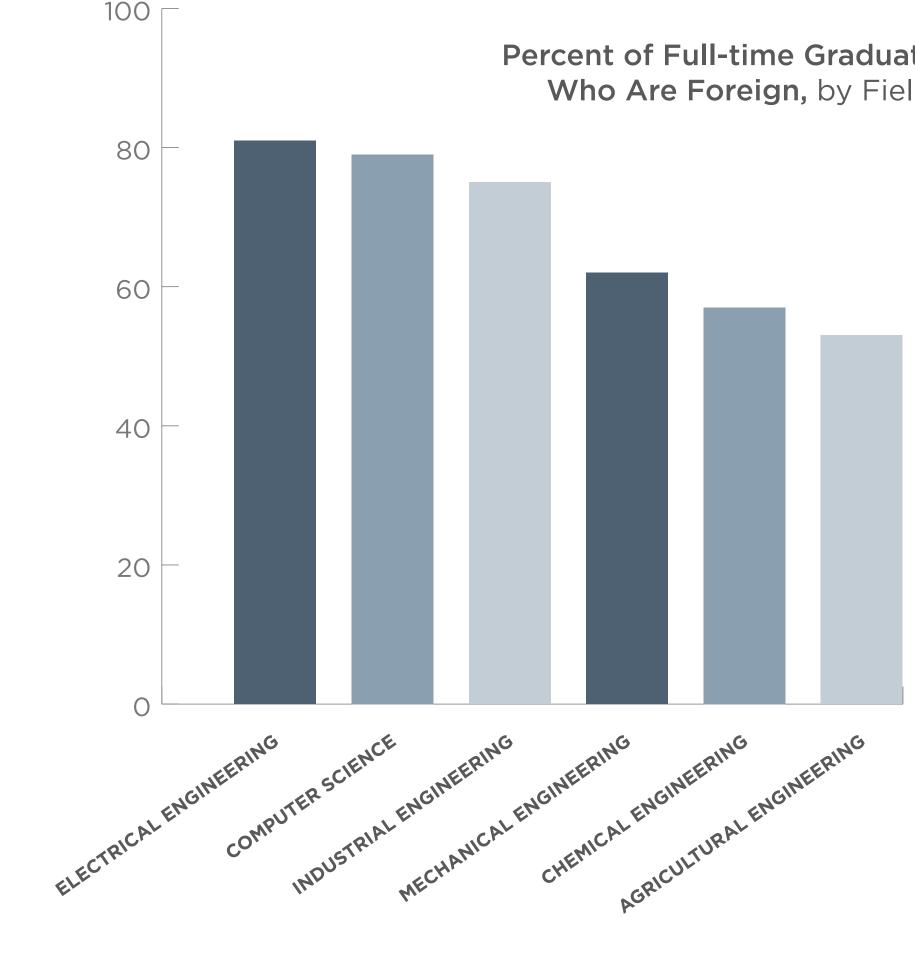
Foreign students are particularly important to science, technology, engineering and math programs (STEM). For example, U.S. computer science graduate programs grew by 350 percent from 1995 to 2015, but this growth was driven by foreign students. Without them, we cannot meet American companies' demand for STEM talent.

The increase in both the size and number of graduate programs in science and engineering at U.S. universities indicates U.S. student enrollment has not been held down by the lack of available slots at U.S. graduate schools.



THE IMPORTANCE OF INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS **TO AMERICAN SCIENCE** AND ENGINEERING"

**OCTOBER 2017** 



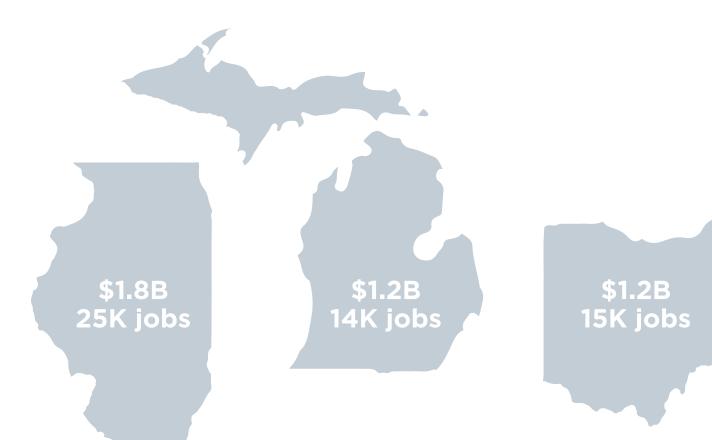
**Percent of Full-time Graduate Students** Who Are Foreign, by Field (2015)





#### FOREIGN STUDENT DROP-OFF IS HURTING SCHOOLS IN "TRUMP COUNTRY" MOST

Foreign students spend more than \$7 billion across the Midwest, supporting 88,000 Midwest jobs. Foreign students in Michigan, Ohio, and Illinois, alone, account for \$4 billion in spending and 54,000 jobs.



For the first time in 14 years in this field, last fall, I was asked by a student in Rome if Indiana was a red state or a blue state.

> - JOHN WILKERSON ADMISSIONS, INDIANA UNIVERSITY

"There are institutions in the Midwest that are facing a much sharper decline – and a bigger effect of this Trump effect, you might say."

**RAHUL CHOUDAHA EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT, STUDYPORTALS** 

"[I] was turned away by prospective students who would ask whether Tennessee was a red or blue state. I'd say, 'Well, we're a red state,' and they would literally walk to the next table.

> CHARLES WILKERSON **TENNESSEE TECHNOLOGICAL** UNIVERSITY

#### As Flow of Foreign **Students Wanes, U.S. Universities Feel the Sting**

"Schools in the Midwest have been particularly hard hit - many of them non-flagship public universities that had come to rely heavily on tuition from foreign students, who generally pay more than in-state students..."

#### The New York Times

Panicked universities in search of new students are adding thousands of new majors

August 9, 2018 By Jon Marcus

"[T]here are nearly 3 million fewer college students to go around than there were at the last peak in 2011..."



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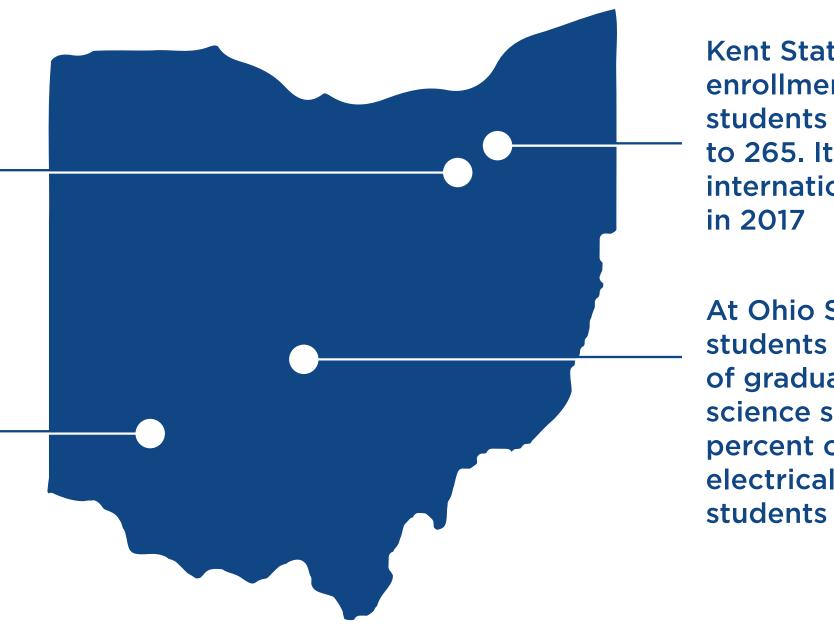


#### **CASE STUDY: OHIO**

Foreign students contribute \$1.2 billion and nearly 15,000 jobs to Ohio's economy.

University of Akron, facing a budget deficit, proposes to increase its marketing and recruitment of foreign students

At Wright State in 2016, a 22% drop in foreign enrollment (from 1,889 to 1,475) led the school to cut language and music programs and its swim team



Professors require a significant number of graduate students and there are not enough domestic students alone in certain fields.

> - STUART COOPER PROFESSOR, OHIO STATE UNIVERSITY

I think with some of the federal policies and some of the actions they've taken have put the U.S. in a somewhat negative light.

> - DAVE GARCIA SENIOR ASSOCIATE VICE PRESIDENT, KENT STATE

Kent State in 2016 saw enrollment of Indian students fall from 1,017 to 265. It lost 1,000 international students

At Ohio State, foreign students are 86 percent of graduate computer science students and 81 percent of graduate electrical engineering students

## KSU anticipates decline in enrollment this fall

August 26, 2018 By Valerie Royzman

"Drop in international students mostly to blame."

#### KENTWIRED.com

### Wright State looks to other schools for ways to lure more students

June 25, 2018 By Max Filby

"Keeping and attracting international students has been particularly difficult for WSU in recent years as foreign enrollment declined by around 779 since 2015. The school is trying to compete more in the international landscape by targeting more countries with specified scholarships and partnerships."

#### **Dayton Daily News**

**BUSINESSFORWARD** 

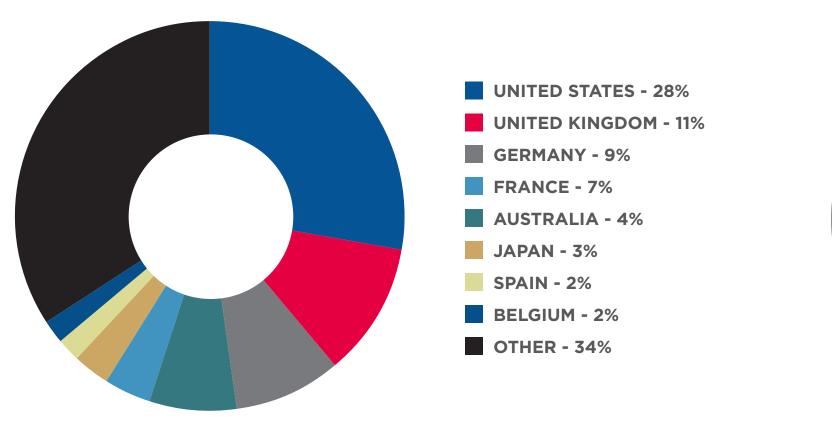


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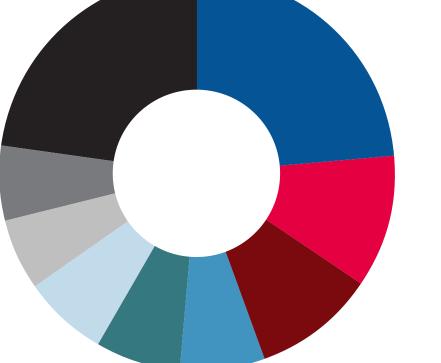
### THE BIG PICTURE

For decades, American universities have attracted the world's best talent, educated them, helped American companies hire them, and helped them start new businesses. Those foreign students created millions of new jobs – and inspired future generations of talent to come to the U.S. In business, it's called a "virtuous cycle," a reinforcing feedback loop that drives innovation, growth, jobs, and wages.

But competition for talent is growing more intense (particularly in science, math and engineering). While the size of the higher



**Top Host Destinations** 



2001 2.1 MILLION STUDENTS

2017 4.6 MILLION STUDENTS education industry has grown, the U.S.'s share has shrunk. As the U.S. discourages foreign students, the UK, Canada, Germany and Australia are making it easier for them to study there – and stay in the country after they graduate.

UNITED STATES - 28%
UNITED KINGDOM - 11%
CHINA - 10%
AUSTRALIA - 7%
FRANCE - 7%
CANADA - 7%
RUSSIA - 6%
GERMANY - 6%

**OTHER - 23%** 

#### "

I don't know if this country is really where I want to stay, especially if there are so many questions about what could happen to foreign people here

> - EMILY HUANG SENIOR, UCLA









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